

The SURFEX/TEB new road model with traffic effects: Validation and operational plans

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- **Introduction**

- Represent cold conditions in an urban model for multiple purposes

- **Natural process modeling**

- **Method** : Ice and snow modeling in TEB
- **Experiment and results** : Col de Porte in France

- **Anthropic process modeling**

- **Method** : Traffic modeling in TEB
- **Experiment and results** : Nupuri road weather station in Finland

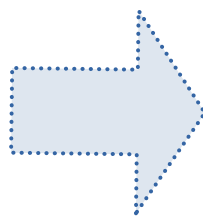
- **To go further**

Represent cold conditions in an urban model for multiple purposes

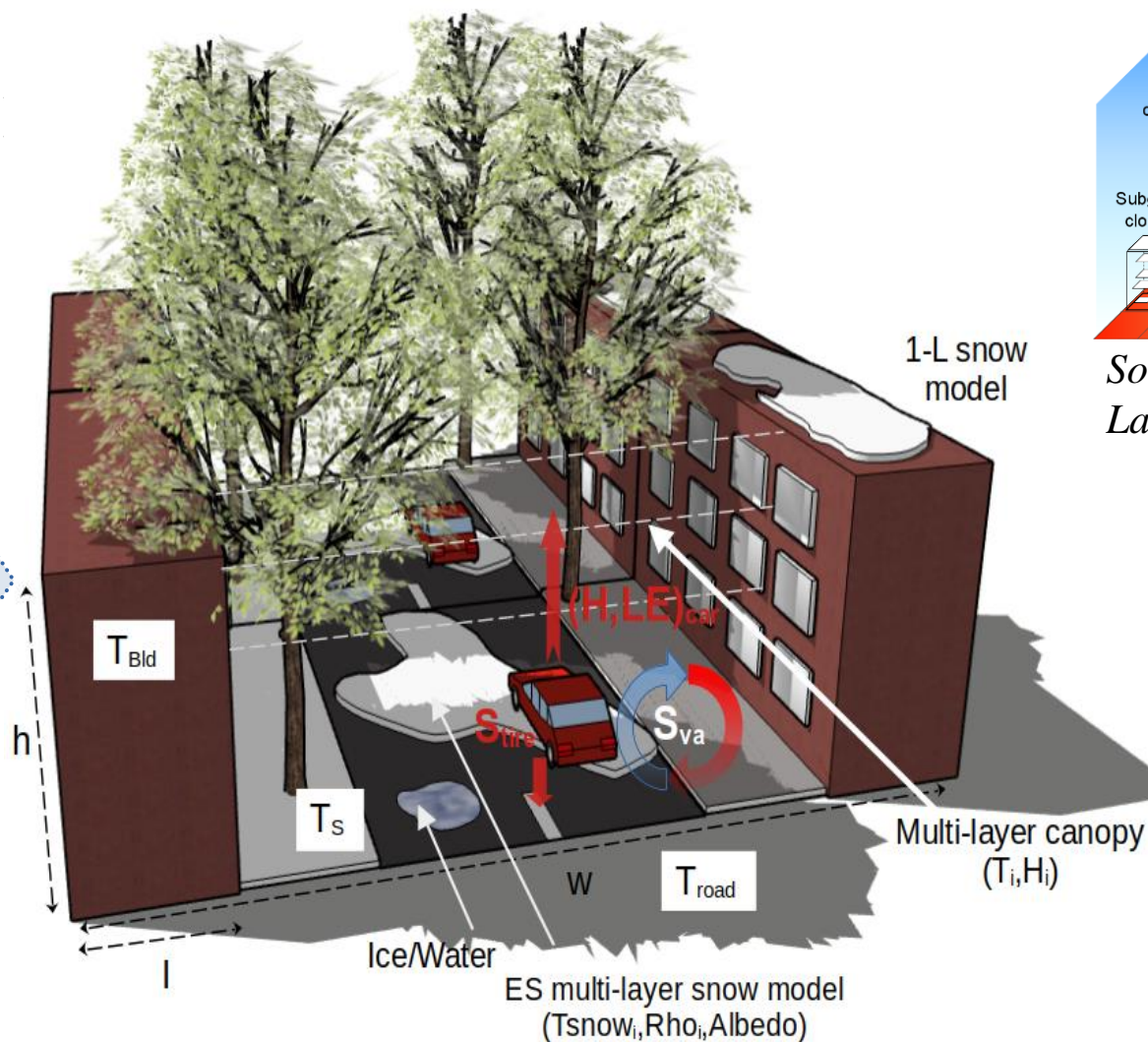
- Physiographic parameters (Countryside, urban...)



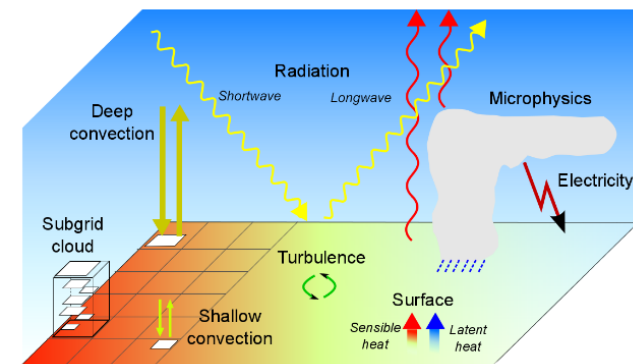
- Road or runaway parameters



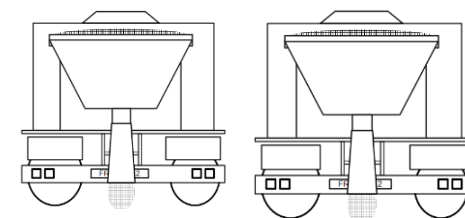
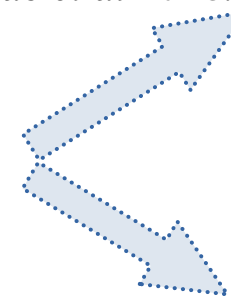
- Atmospheric and traffic conditions



Urban behavior / Better flux modeling



Source : Meso_nh, extracted from Lac et al 2018.



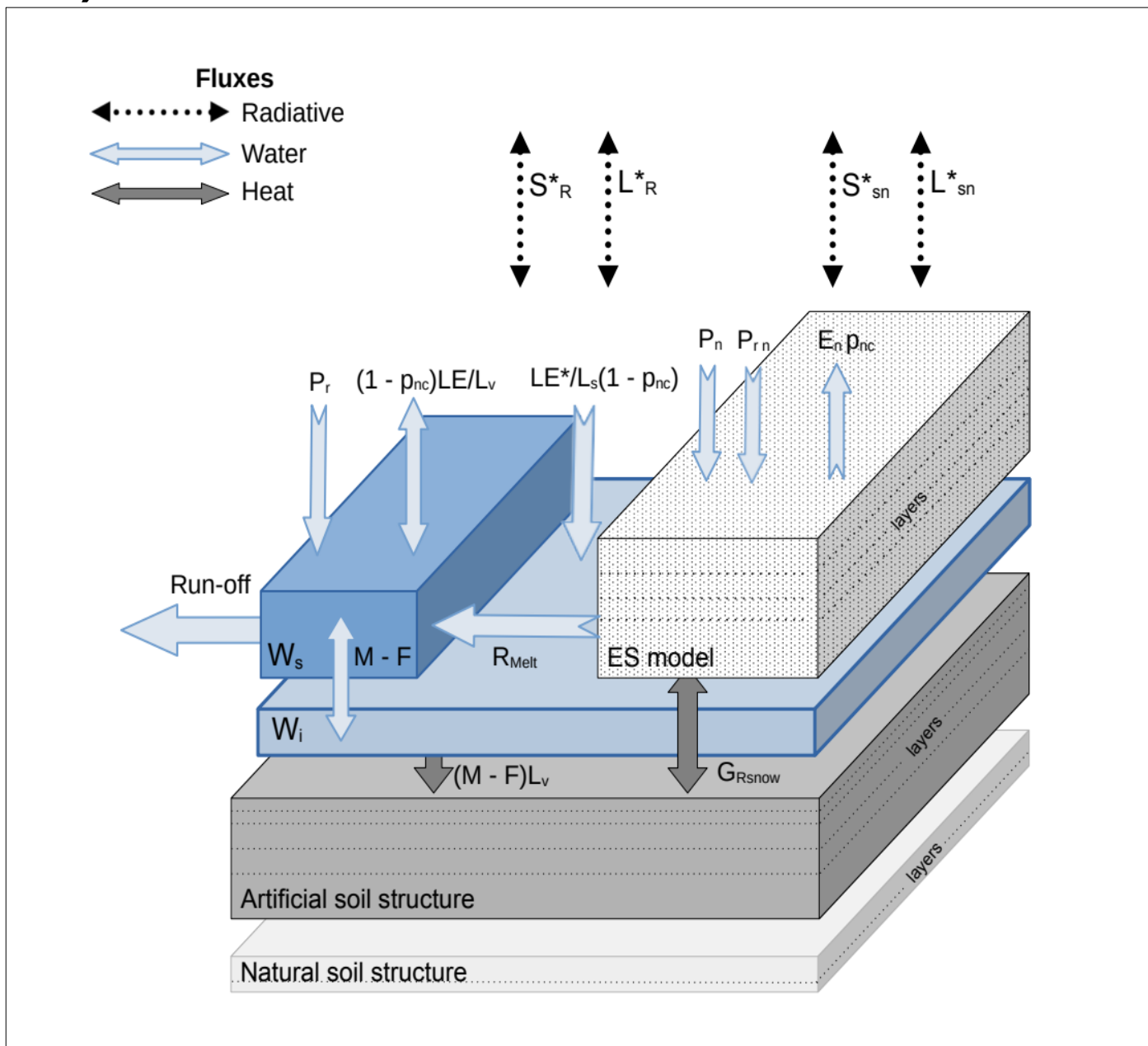
Road weather system

Improved SURFEX-TEB v9.0 model with a multi-layer snow model, ice and traffic

Ice and snow process implementation in TEB (TEB-ES)

Ice and snow implementation

- **Add ice content W_i**
- **(in light blue) on the road**
- **to represent icy conditions**
 - Interaction with the water content W_s (in blue)
 - with melt and freeze processes and its impact on road energy budget, and atmosphere
- **Coupling the road with an explicit multi-layer model scheme (ES-Model in white)**
 - Water balance with W_s and energy
 - balance with the road and atmosphere



Schematic implementation of the ice content W_i in light blue, the ES model in white and their interactions. Extracted from colas et al. 2024 (under review)

Evaluation at the Col de Porte site with the GELCRO campaign measurements (1998-1999)

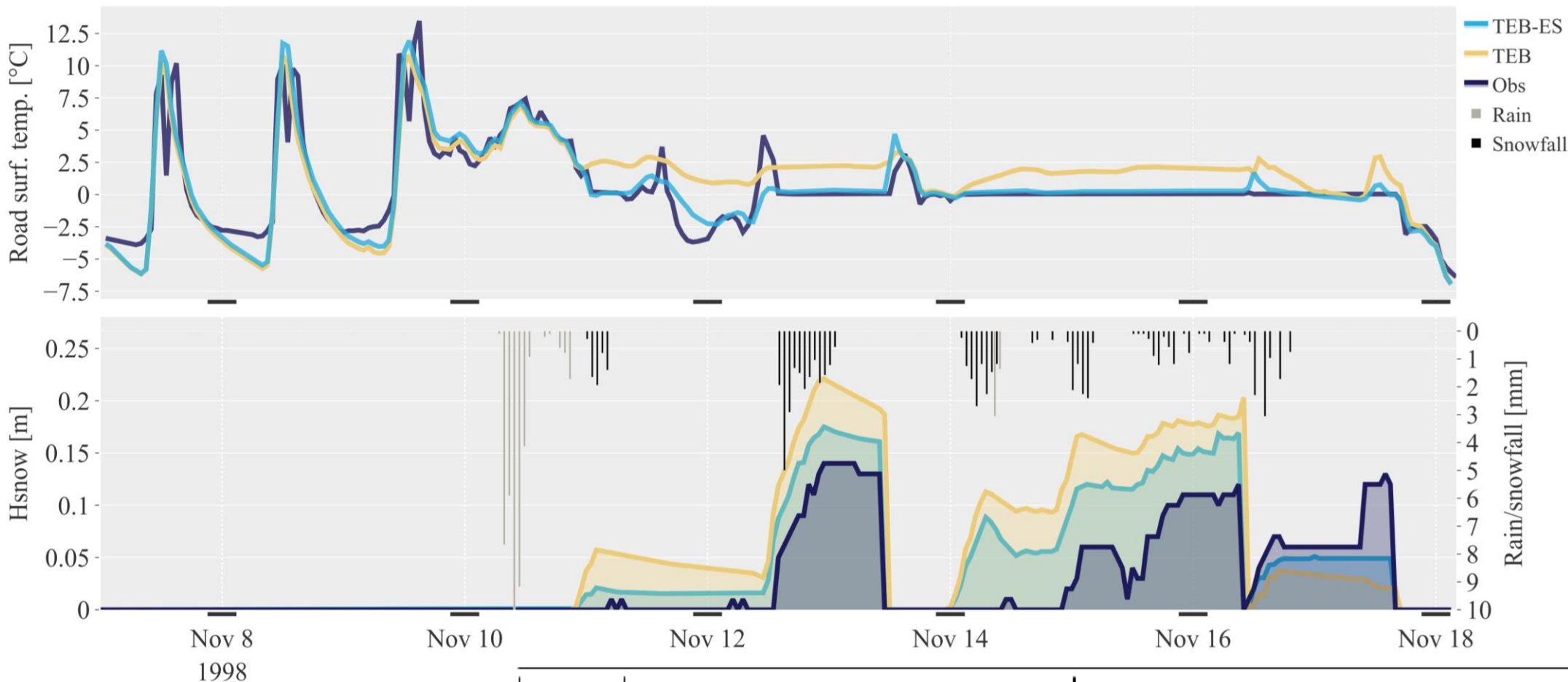
Experimental set-up

- Observations and validation data from the
- 1998/1999 campaign :
 - Forcing from weather station CDP :
 - (Rain/snow intensity,
 - LW, SW, Air temperature,
 - HUmidity)
 - Evaluation with snow height and
 - surface temperature from the campaign
- Hand snow removal
- Building from TEB removed for clear-road
- evaluation
- Comparison with french road
- weather model (ISBA-ROUTE)



Col de porte experimental artificial soil during the GELCRO campaign. Extracted from Bouilloud and Martin 2006

Results : TEB-ES and TEB simulations compared with Col de Porte observations



- Snow height better modeled with TEB-ES than TEB.
- Significant improvement of road surface temperature under snowy conditions.

Scores	Snow height [m]			Road surface temp. [°C]			
	TEB	TEB-ES	ISBA-Route/CROCUS	TEB	TEB-ES	ISBA-Route/CROCUS	MLR
RMSE	0.19	0.13	0.14	2.82	2.05	2.53	3.64
MAE	0.12	0.08	0.09	2.10	1.33	1.40	2.45
R ²	0.54	0.84	0.80	0.82	0.89	0.83	0.57

TEB, TEB-ES, ISBA-ROUTE and MLR results compared to the Col de Porte observations during winter 1998. Extracted from Colas et al. 2024 (under review)

Traffic modelling in TEB (TEB-CAR Option)

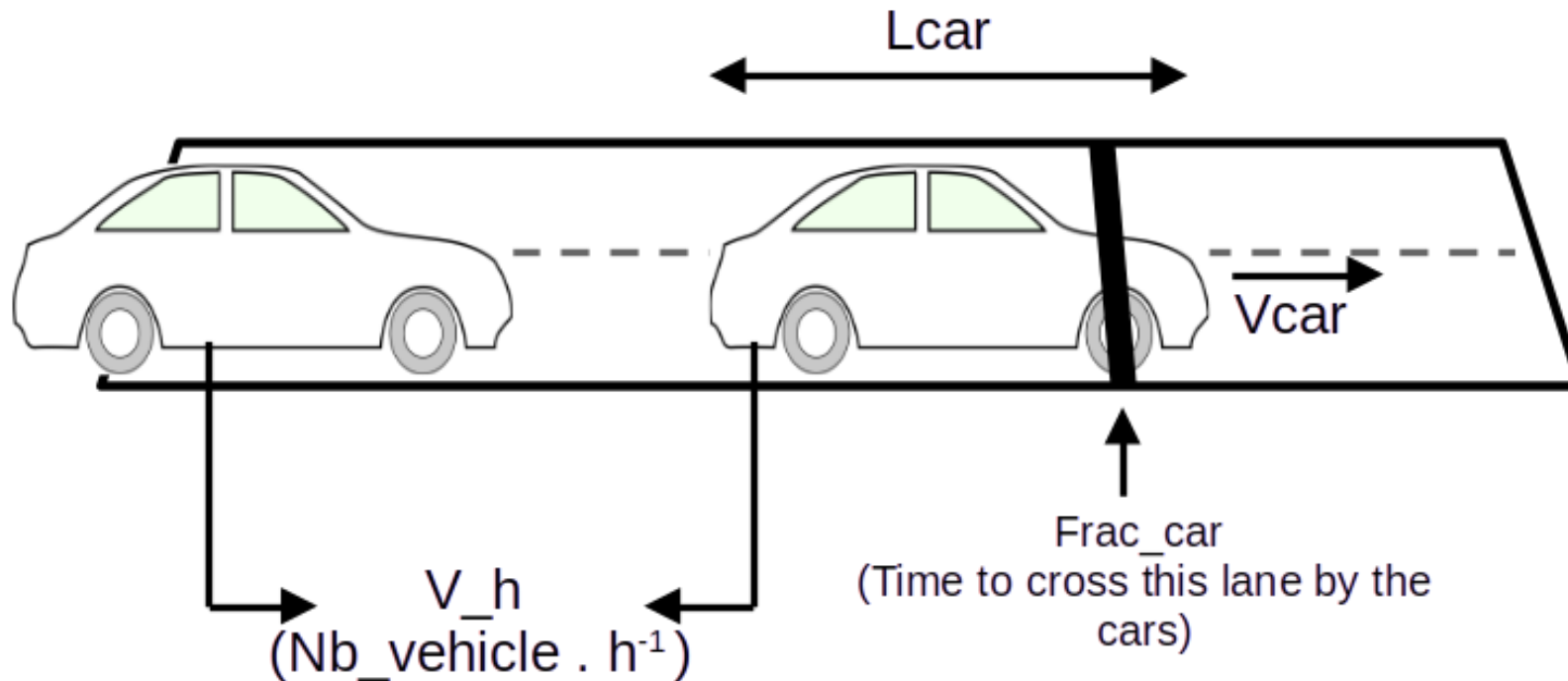
Compute number of vehicle per hour (V/h)

$$V_h = V_{moy} V_{mod} \quad (1)$$

Number vehicle per
hour (V/h)

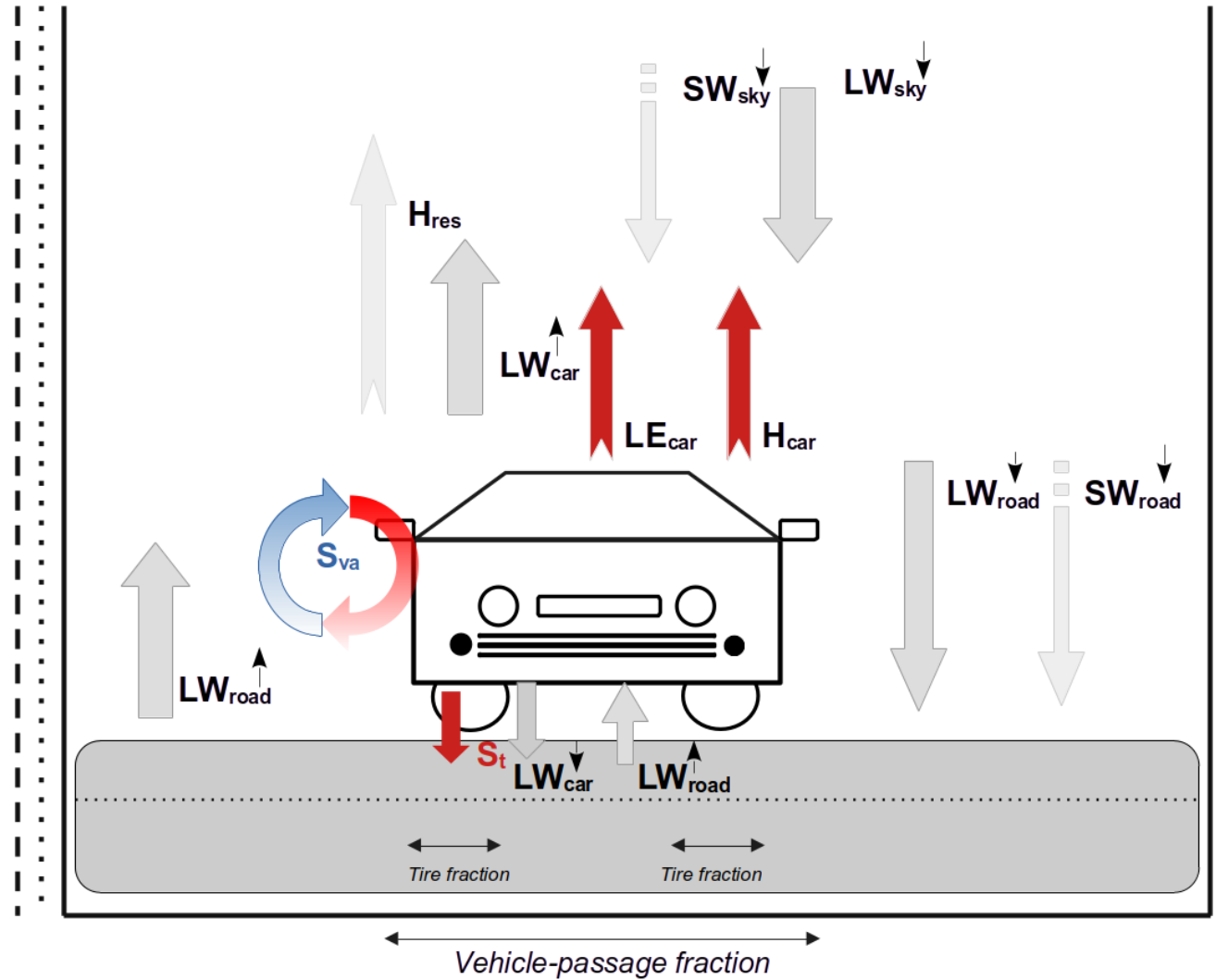
Mean Number vehicle per
hour (V/h)

V_{mod} (Value/24h) = Mean Number
vehicle per hour modulation



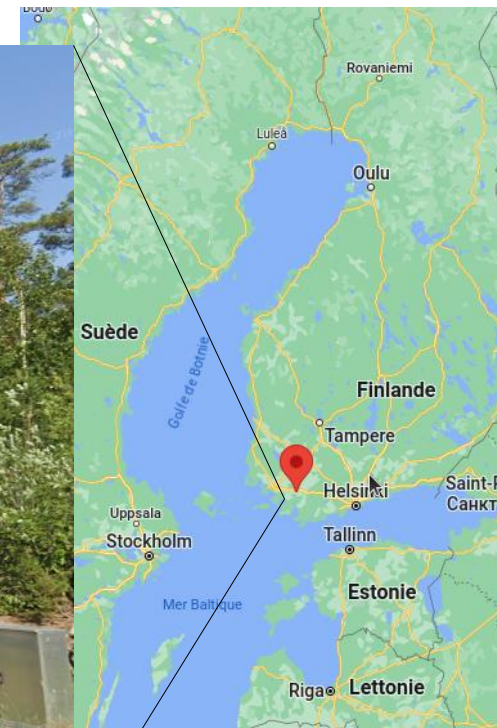
Traffic modelling in TEB (TEB-CAR Option)

- Model the vehicles process inside the urban canyon :
- Car shadowing and radiation impact on road and canyon surface components (window, walls).
-
- Tire friction heat on the road : S_t
- Turbulent heat change between the road and the canyon with passing vehicle : S_{va}
- Explicit sensible and latent heat from internal car energy (36kW) Prusa et al. 2002 : H_{car} LE_{car}



Energy balance scheme of a car, its impact on the road and the atmosphere

Evaluation in Finland road weather stations



Salo Hajala road weather station (2021) Street View

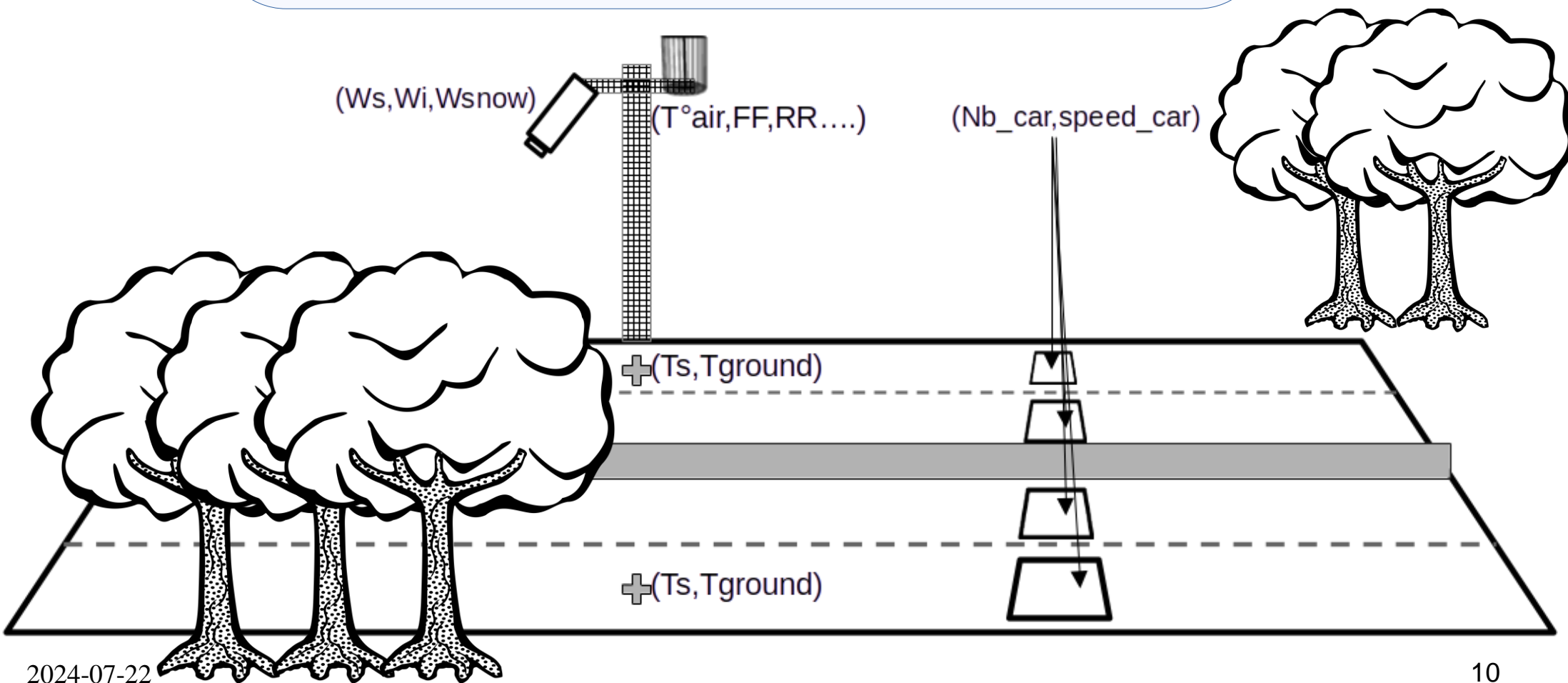
Simulations

- Location : Nupuri / Palojarvi / Lemijarvi
- Simulations :
 - Reference simulation without traffic
 - Simulation direction Helsinki
 - Simulation direction Turku

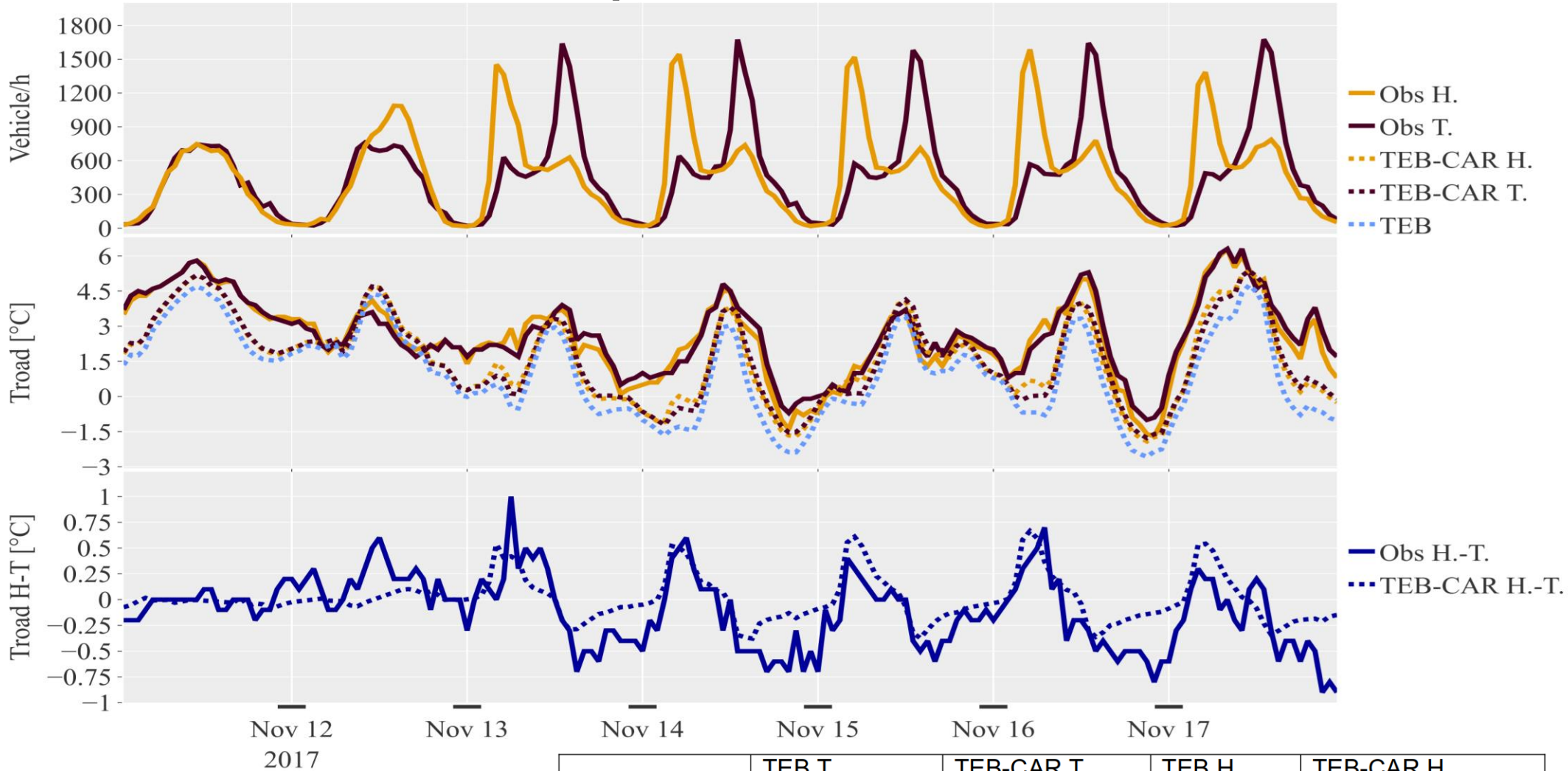
Evaluation in Finland road weather stations

Experimental set-up

- Observations : Road weather stations June 2017 – May 2018
 - and traffic
- Forcings : Snow/Rain intensity, Air temp, Humidity,
 - radiation data from ERA5 (SW et LW)
- Validation : Tsurf, Content Water/Ice/Snow
- Anthropic effects : Salting and traffic effects



Results : Comparison between TEB and TEB-CAR simulations at Nupuri Location

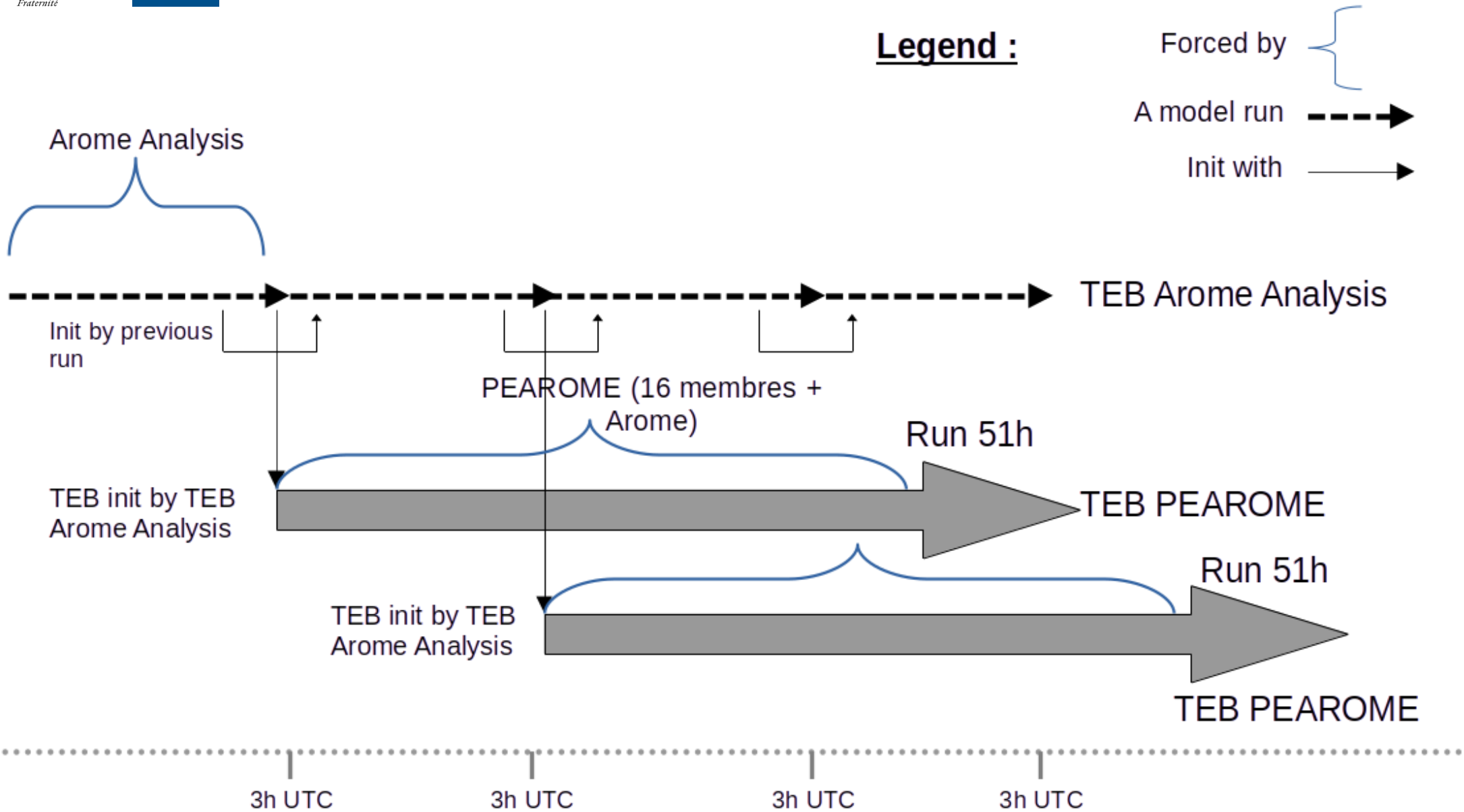


- Significant improvement of road surface temperature
- Consistent traffic impact with the observations

	TEB T.	TEB-CAR T.	TEB H.	TEB-CAR H.
RMSE	3.56	1.83	3.49	1.82
MAE	1.55	1.07	1.53	1.05
BIAS	-1.14	-0.66	-1.0	-0.51

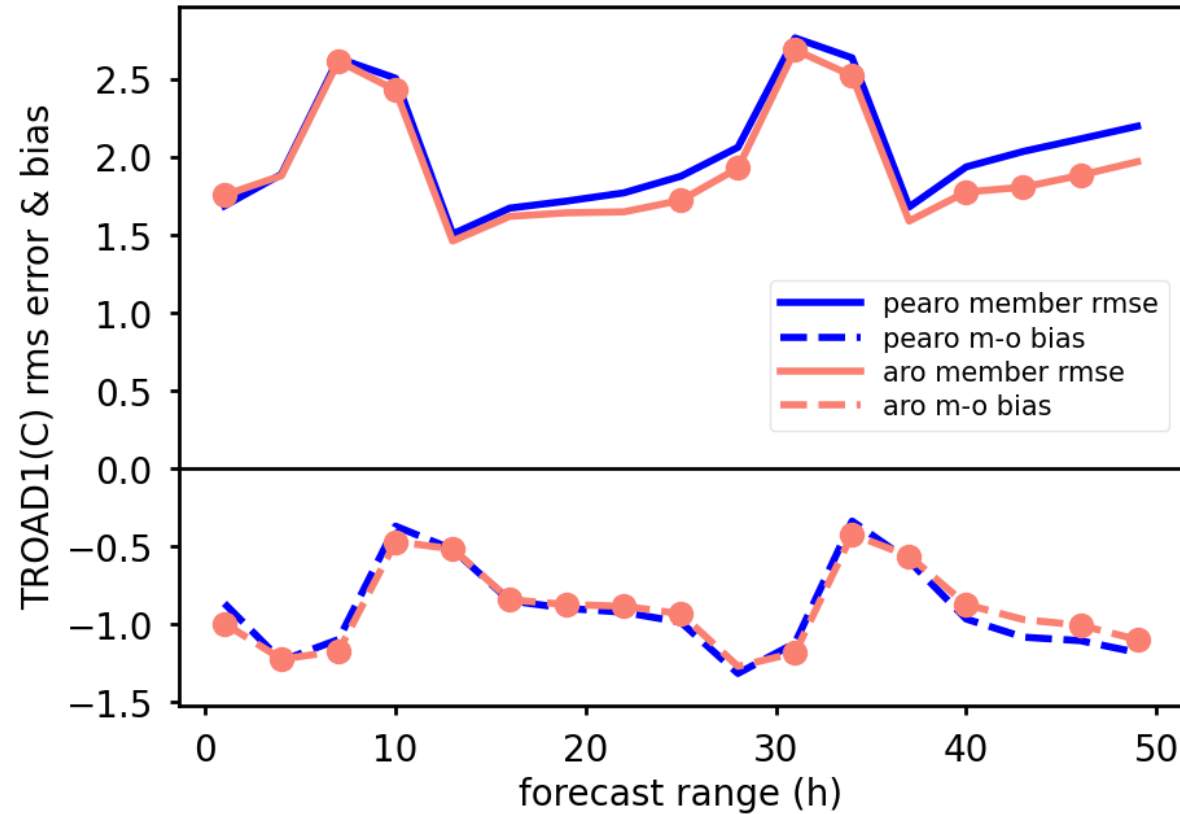
Comparison of the road surface temperature simulations of TEB and TEB-CAR with the measurements on the lanes towards Turku (T.) and Helsinki (H.)

To go further : Ensemble forecast with TEB for operational purpose



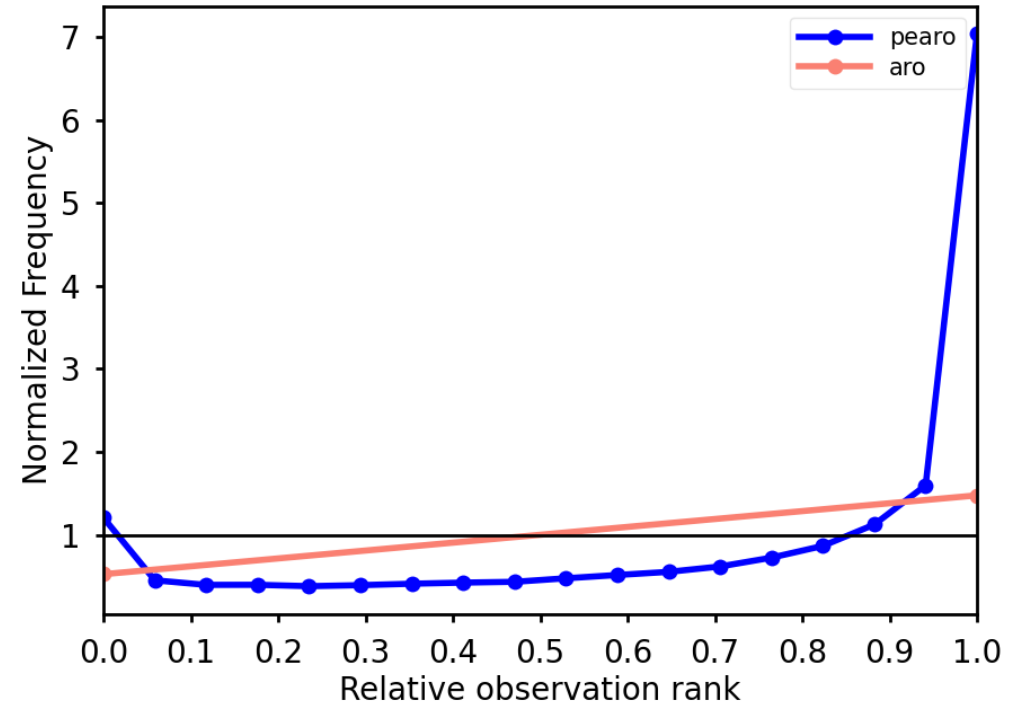
To go further : Ensemble forecast with TEB for operational purpose

TROAD1(C) rms error & bias (lower is better)
 20231101-20231130 04UTC [30casts] / file:TROAD1_e1_RangeDet.y



RMSE and Bias of road surface temperature with the road weather stations observations at France location for Arome and PE-Arome on November 2023

Rank Diagram for TROAD1(C) (ideal value=1)
 20231101-20231130 04UTC [30casts] Steps:1-50h/ file:TROAD1_e1_GlobRank.y



Rank Diagram of road surface temperature with the road weather stations observations at France location for Arome and PE-Arome on November 2023

Calibration is needed