



Operational experience with ICEWARN (model METRo-CZ) in comparison with other tools

Behaviour of RST models during selected danger situations

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Outline

- "Equipment" of CHMI meteorologists for winter weather forecasting – models and visualization
- Critical moments in forecaster's thinking about potential hazard – two modes of danger situations
- Behaviour of models during cold advection and warming after frosty period – case studies, not statistical approach



IceBreak model by Vaisala

- Since late 90's
- 22 sites on highways
- Lead time 24 hours

- Since 2013/2014
- Thermal mapping
- Lead time 12 hours

- METRo-CZ model by the Institute of Atmospheric Physics
- Since 2014/2015
- 330 sites from 550
- Lead time 18 hours





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Thinking about potential hazards

- Can we expect snow?
 - Timing, intensity, total amount important for the road maintenance, not so much for drivers
 - danger conditions are obvious
- Cold advection risk of the black ice
 - Most of drivers endangered, pedestrians as well
 - danger conditions are not obvious
- Warm advection risk of the glaze, freezing precipitation
 - High risk level for all groups including public transport
 - Forecasters being afraid of false alarms

Case "studies"

- Road weather data/graphs in form of archived pictures from significant situations
- Usually two reference stations (open sites) from west Bohemia (on highways, supported by all three models)





Cold advection

- Success of RST forecast depends very much on real development of cloudiness
- In case of clear sky or thin clouds models are very successful
- Problems appear if there is more cloudiness than expected
 - Negative bias in winter 2014/2015 1-2 °C for 6 hours lead time and 2-4 °C for 6-12 hours (= models were colder)
 - Better results in last two seasons especially METRo-CZ and SSWM

8.12.2014 – Stratocumulus behind the cold front







upportaceny scenar oscorem samo Graf obsahuje pravděpodobnou potřebu chemického posypu a pluhování v dané hodině. Procenta ukazují podľ úseků silnic v dané oblasti Josrých se doporučení tšiků, u posypu je navic uveden doporučený rozshi pravnáže posypu.







Vaisala is the best in this case – not falling below zero

3.3.2017 – Cirrus behind the squall line



In the case of thin cloudiness all the three models are almost perfect



Warm advection

- Tendency of RST forecast to follow diurneal variation – to be cooler during night
- This is a big problem after cold spells
 - The first night is critical, there can be false alarm on the second night

13./14.12.2016 – warm front, RST above 0°C



Warning with potential freezing precipitation issued,RST forecast not respected (or believed?). If there is confidence in above –zero temperature, we can believe it.



Last development

- Upgrades of METRo-CZ
- In 2017-2018 new version for Prage city with application of sky-view factor



ICEWARN system for Prague city

- Based on METRo-CZ
- Detailed check of input data
- Detailed topograpfy and skyview factor taking into account
- About 40 stations inside of Prague agglomeration
- Development of linearly continuous RST/RSC forecast
- Nowcasting mode



3.2.2018 – risk of black ice after wet snow showers



3.2.2018 – risk of black ice – METRo-CZ forecast



3.2.2018 – risk of black ice – ICEWARN forecast







Conclusions

- According to the case studies since the winter 2014/2015 it seems that models have undergone positive development – better bias in last seasons
- SSWM and METRo-CZ give comparable results and have similar problems in case of warm advection (up to 1 °C negative bias) or cloudiness forecast failure (about 2 °C negative bias)
- SSWM is focused on the needs of road dispatchers, METRo-CZ can be better utilized by forecasters
- ICEWARN system seems to be more powerful tool for nowcasting than METRo-CZ for Prague city



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Thank you for attention!

